### CAPTURE OF CHAMBERLAIN

The Slayer of Miss Wittenberg Arrested and Taken Back to Monticello.

Where He Is Now in Jail, Protected from Popular Wrath by a Company of State Militis-Sheriff Henderson Likely to Recover.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MONTICELLO, Ind., May 26 .- Ed Chamberlain, the murderer of 1da Wittenberg, was captured last night in the western part of this county, at the residence of Wm. Biddle, his uncle, where he had gone in the afternoon and lay down to sleep. The night of his escape he started for his tather's farm, but a scouting party scared him off, and he turned south, and stopped southwest of Brookston, some five miles. When arrested he made no resistance, and seemed indifferent to his situation, although there was considerable talk of lynching. He was brought here and lodged in jail at 2 A. M. There have been large crowds of people in town all day from all parts of the county. Excitement runs high, and to provide against the worst the Governor has been called on, and has ordered a company of the State militia from Delphi, who are now guarding the jail.

The tramp Catterson has not been caught yet. His partner, Albert Benson, who was brought in yesterday, was sent up to-day for five years. Sheriff Henderson is resting easily, and the physicians think he will recover if blood poisoning does not set in. Chamberlain, when asked why he struck the sheriff with such a deadly weapon, replied that one of the robbers wanted to get out and that he had been sick for three days and wanted to go home. When the officers were talking of removing Chamberlain from the county to-day, they were notified by a commitles that any attempt to remove him would not only be opposed by the people, but that serious sonsequences would follow.

One of the saddest features of the case is the effect of Chamberlain's crimes upon his aged When the announcement was first made to his mother that her boy had slain his and for days it was thought her was hopelessly wrecked. gradually improved, but Thursday night when a band of searchers broke the news of the son's second crime, the aged mother suffered a relapse, and it is not thought she will long survive. The father is broken-hearted, and walks the streets weeping and wringing his hands. He asks no mercy for his son.

How Chamberlain Was Captured. CHICAGO, May 26 .- A special to the Times from Monticello, Ind., says: "To two young ladies, cousins of Chamberlain, is due the credit of the capture of the desperado, and the coolness and judgment they displayed in the matter made them the heroines of the hour. Last evening, an hour before sundown, Chamberlain entered the house of his uncle, William Biddle, six miles from Reynolds. Biddle is a

widower, and was away from home. His daughters, Ida and May, aged nineteen and twenty-one, keep house for him. Their feelings can hardly be described as they stood face to face with the young man, who was almost as near to them as a brother, with whom they had been raised, and who at that moment was being hunted by a thousand armed men. Chamberlain almost exhausted. For the entire right and day he had dodged about the country in the rain, without a bite to eat or a moment to rest. He was the picture of despair. His first question was as to whether the officers had been at the house searching for him. When

had been at the house searching for him. When informed that a deputy sheriff had searched the house but an hour before, he dropped on a sofa for a short rest. His cousins induced him to remove his clothing and hang them to the fire to dry. The moment he fell asleep they searched the garments thoroughly, but found no weapons. They at once decided to turn him over to the authorities, and, while Ida remained at the authorities, and, while Ida remained at the house, Mary ran across the fields and told her house, Mary ran across the fields and told her story to Ralph and Arthur Laurie, their nearest neighbors. Armed with shotguns and accompanied by Charles Eckert and Jacob Fisher, the five young men approached the house. There they removed their boots, and, headed by Arthur Laurie, they quietly opened the door to the room in which Chamberlain was lying. Lourie drew a bead on the desperado, and in a second the other four bad sprung upon him and bound him. He was taken completely by surprise. It was midnight before arrangements were made to start for this The parting between Chamberlain and place. The parting between Chamberlain and his cousins was touching. The prisoner breaking down and giving the first evidence of feeling he has exhibited since the cruel murder

of his sweetheart, six weeks ago.
"Company A, of the First Regiment of State troops, arrived in Monticello this afternoon, under orders from Governor Gray, to prevent a lynching. The presence of the troops only had the effect of increasing the excitement and further enraging the people."

Militia Sent to Monticello. Yesterday morning Governor Gray received a telegram from Judge Gould, of Monticello, asking that troops be sent to that town to guard the jail where Chamberlain, the murderer, is confined, as a visit from a vigilance committee was feared. Governor Gray immediately directed Adjutant-general Koontz to order out a company of the State militia to comply with the request. General Koontz telegraphed to the Carroll Veterans, of Delphi, Capt. E. H. Gresham commanding, ordering them to go at once to Monticello—which they did, leaving home at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon and arriving in Monticello in a short time. He went to Monticello himself last night to see that a proper disposition of the force had been made, and disposition of the force had been made, and whether any additional troops were needed.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Letter Regretting His Inability to Be Present at & Confederate Corner-Stone Laying.

JACKSON, Miss., May 26 .- During the ceremonies, yesterday, connected with the laying of the corner-stone of the confederate monument here, the following letter of regret from Jefferson Davis was read by Col. J. L. Powers: "BEAUVOIR, Miss., May 21, 1888.

"Ladies of the Confederate Monument Asso-

ciation of Mississippi-I duly received your gratifying invitation to my family and myself to be present at the laying of the corner-stone of the monument to commemorate the dead of Mississippi who died for the State. This ac-knowledgement has been delayed under the hope that my health would soon improve to enearnest desire to be with you on that occasion led me to hope, against the better judgment of others, that I might be physically able to join you in a work which is very near to my heart. The monu-ment will be the first reared by Mississippi to her sons who, at the call of their mother, forgot all selfish cares and went forth, if need be, to die for her cause. This omission cannot be ascribed to the absence of meritorious claims to such consideration, for Mississippians have neither been of the war party in peace, nor of the peace; party in war. In the territorial in-fancy of our State, when population was mainly confined to a few river counties, an Indian war, with its characteristic ferocity, was ravaging the with its characteristic ferocity, was ravaging the frontier settlements. At the cry of the helpless, Mississippians rushed to arms, though few, and ill-prepared for war. Among the earliest of my memories was the grief of our people because of the massacre at Ft. Mimms, where many of our neighbors died in the fulfillment of that noblest motive of human action, which causes one to give his life that others may have life. No monument for the instruction of the rising generation comfor the instruction of the rising generation commemorates the events, and the commonly-used school-books are not devoted to Southern history. At Peusacola, or Fort Bowyer, and in the battle of New Orleans, Mississippi bore an honorable part. Your monument will stand in the county of Hinds, the name of the leader of the Mississippi dragoons, whose conduct in the batorders for the admiration of one army and the wonder of the other. At a later day when Mississippi was sent a requisition for troops to serve in the war between the United States and Mexico, the difficulty was not to get the requisi-tion number of companies, but to discriminate

in a foreign land, but it failed. If asked why, the rerson is on the surface: It was not a wom-

"Daughters of Mississippi, you have labored in a caused the righteousness of which only he can deny whose soul is devoid of that patriotism that in his country's strife could give aid and comfort to the enemy. It would have been a great gratification to me to stand among the survivors of Mississippi's army, and in laying a corner stone of a monument to their deceased comrades to recall their virtues, the mingled attributes of the hero and the saint under this definition. Please be assured that in spirit I shall be with you; and for the zeal with which you have faced all discouragement and the devotion you have shown to a purpose which had only its merits for its reward, I pray you to accept from the inmost fibre of his heart the thanks of and old Mississippian.

"Faithfully, Jefferson Davis."

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Official Announcement of Headquarters of the Various Delegations at St. Louis.

Sr. Louis, May 26 .- The official announcement of the headquarters of the members of the Democratic national committee and the delegations from the various States is as follows. The name following each State is that of the committeeman:

Alabama	H. C. Semple, Lindell.
Arkansas	S. R. Cockrel, jr., Southern
California	M. F. Tarpey, Laclede. C. S. Thomas, Southern.
Colorado	C. S. Thomas, Southern.
Connecticut	W. H. Barnum, Planters'.
Florida	I. C. Grubb, Lindell.
Georgia	Samuel Pasco, Southern. Patrich Walch, Southern.
Illinois	S. Corning Judd, Lindell.
Indiana	A. H. Brown, Lindell.
lows	M. M. Ham, Lindell.
Kansas	C. W. Blair, Planters'. H, D. McHenry, Lindell.
Kentucky	H. D. McHenry, Lindell.
Louisiana	B. F. Jonas. Planters'.
Maine	Edmund Wilson, Planters'.
Maryland	A. P. Gorman, Southern.
Michigan	F. O. Prince, Planters'. I. M. Weston, Southers.
Minnesota	P. H. Kelley. Planters'.
Mississippi	C. A. Johnson, Southern.
Missouri	J. G. Prather, Laclede.
Netraska	J. E. Boyd, Planters'.
Nevada	J. H. Denning, Southern.
New Hampshire	A. W. Solloway, Lindell.
New Jersey	Miles Ross, Hurst's.
New York	William Steinway, Southern
Obio	M. W. Ransom, Lindell.
Oragon	W. W. Armstrong, Lindell. A. Noltner, Laclede.
Pennsylvania	W. A. Wallace, Southern.
Rhode Island	I. B. Barnaby, Southern.
South Carolina	J. B. Barnaby, Southern. F. W. Dawson, Lindell.
Tennessee	R. F. Looney, Southern. O. T. Holt, Planters'.
Texas	O. T. Holt, Planters'.
Vermont	B. B. Smalley, Lindell.
Virginia	J. S. Barbour, Planters'.
West Virginia	A. G. Davis, St. James.
Arizona	J. L. Mitchell, Planters'. W. K. Meade, Hurst's.
Dakota	M. H. Day, Hurst's.
District of Colum	bia. Wm. Dickson, Laclede.
Montana	W. J. McCormick, Hurst's.
New Mexico	W. J. McCormick, Hurst's. A. Josephs, Hurst's.
Utah	itory J. H. Kuhn, Hurst's M. E. Post, Hurst's.
Washington Terr	itory .J. H. Kuhn, Hurst's.
Wyoming	M. E. Post, Hurst's.
Idaho	John Haley, Hurst's.

Another Attack on Gray. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, May 26 .- The Post of to-day reads the riot act to Governor Gray. It has another lengthy editorial review of Gray's record, and lays special stress upon his Know-nothingism, declaring that no man who was prominent in that organization can ever be elected to the first or second official position of this country. It does not think that the late Republicanism of Gray is a fatal objection to him, but it inquires whether it is true that while he was in Indiana during the war, as an officer of the army, he was concerned in sacking one or more of the Democratic newspaper offices, and whether it is true that he was an anxious candidate for nomination at the hands of the Indiana Republican State convention in 1872, and being defeated, showed up immediately thereafter in the Greeley convention at Cincinnati. It says there are serious objections to Gray among Indiana men in his own party, and broadly intimates that his indersement by the recent Democratic State convention was the work of the machine. General Black, Commissioner of Pensions, will be nominated for Vice-president, it is generally believed.

Total number of delegates, 820; necessary to choice,

The Gray Opposition Takes Organized Shape. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 26.—It has just leaked out that there will be a conference of the leaders of opposition to Governor Gray's candidacy for the vice-presidency, in St. Louis, some day next week, presumably Monday or Tuesday. The conference, it is said, will not only be attended by some prominent politicians from this but outsiders antagonistic to Gray been invited to be present. The meeting will be held in order to give the opposition such form that it may be presented to the national convention in proper shape. It is learned, further, that it will consider the propriety of issuing a pamphlet setting forth the menace which Gray's name will offer to the national success, rehearing his political record, and placing the same in the hands of every delegate to the national convention. The matter is said to have been arranged for some time, but has been kept secret, and was discovered through the careless talking of some who are into the secret.

Prohibibition Nominations.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Ind., May 26-The Prohibitionists of Shelby and Decatur counties held a convention at City Hall here to-day to nominate a candidate for joint Senator. Hon. Thomas of Flatrock, presided. The name of Prof. Douglas Dobbins was presented, and it being the only one he was nominated unanimously. Dobbins was, until lately, a leading Democrat, and claims that he can draw largely from that party as against W. Scott Ray, the Democratic candidate.

COLUMBUS, Ind., May 26.—The Prohibitionists of this county met in convention at the court-house, in this city, to-day, and made the following nominations: Representative, Wiley J. Rominger; treasurer, Joseph R. Cox; sheriff, H. S. Linson; surveyor, Roseberry Dye; commissioner. First district, Wm. Shore; Second district, John McClelland.

Brazil High-School.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., May 26. - The fifth annual commencement of the city high-school occurred less night at Music Hall. The attendance was large and the occasion one of considerable inter-

3	est. The programme was as follows:
ij,	"Education vs. Ignorance" Roy L. Shattue
ı	"Phrenology and Its Uses"Joseph Grinslad
1	"Heroism"Lottie L. Wol
ń	"Old and New Scenes" Anna L. Campbe
3	"Ambition"John Greg
J	"The Battle of the Essay"
ij	Whitemanh" Flora D. Reider
ij	"Who Shall Carry the Budget?" Olive Carte
	"Mannara"
	"When I Was Young"
	"Common Sense"
ě	"School Days"Isabel Courtne
	"it Might Have Been"Joseph W. Greg
	All senitted themselves well Joseph W

Gregg received the award of honor for the best scholarship. The exercises closed with remarks by Mayor Holliday, ex-Mayor Herr and Wm. Spears. The last two gentlemen are members of the school board. Brazil is growing so rapidly that it will be necessary to erect a new school building this year. The enumeration for next year is nearly 2,000.

Indiana Man Charged with Bigamy. WICHITA, Kan., May 26.-Henry C. Kornes was arrested here to-day on a charge of bigamy, and was taken to Vincennes, Ind. It is alleged that Kornes married a girl in Columbus, O., six years ago, lived with her a couple of years, and shortly after their first child was born deserted his wife. From there he went, it is said, to his wife. From there he went, it is said, to Vincennes, Ind., where two years ago he married Ida Haynes, the daughter of a wealthy farmer, and another child was born of this union. A few months ago Kornes received a demand for hush money from his first wife's brother. This frightened him, and he fled the country and came out West. After Kornes's departure a letter came for him which explained to his wife the cause of his flight. Mr. Haynes immediately hunted up wife No. 1 in Columbus, and then put detectives on the track of his son-in-law. Kornes admits having been married twice, but says when he married the second time he but says when he married the second time he thought wife No. 1 had secured a divorce.

Beauties of the Sacred Jury System. CINCINNATI, O., May 26.—Yesterday the city was startled by the verdict of not guilty in the police court in a trial for a violation of the Owen law, when a half-dozen witnesses had testified to the violation of the law and the defense had offered no testimony. To day, James Con-ners, the foreman of the jury, was arrested on among those offering in excess of the numbers the charge of receiving stolen goods. The goods the numbers the charge of receiving stolen goods. The goods the numbers the charge of receiving stolen goods. The goods ation and Weakness. At all druggists, 25 cents; five for \$1; or, postage free, of FoTTER DRUG AND reply, and so on down through the chapter it. CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

### ANOTHER VICTORY FOR THEM

The Indianapolis Light Artillery Hold Their Superiority in Drill.

They Win the First Prize at Nashville-A Remarkable Record for a Battery Organized Only Six Years Ago.

The Indianapolis Light Artillery has again added to its laurels by taking a first prize. At Nashville, Tenn., where this last distinction was earned, yesterday, it met the crack batteries of the South, many of whom brought into the contest the prestige of being unsurpassed in drill. The home battery's friends rejoice at its victory.

Yesterday was the last day of the drill. Company H, Dakota National Guards, gave an interesting exhibition drill. They were excluded from entering the competitive drill for not hav-

ing enough men in line. The Merchant and Linck Zouaves gave an exhibition drill together. Their clock-like work won loud and prolonged applause. A sham battle on the same plan as the one of yesterday followed, Colonel Barlow, camp commandant, and Colonel Curry, of the State militia, com manding. Colonel Barlow's forces won.

After a dress parade and grand review of all the troops in camp and an individual competitive contest, participated in by two of the best men of each company, the judges made the following announcements:

Infantry-First prize, Louisville Light Infantry: second prize, Southern Cadets, Macon, Ga.; third, Atlanta Rifles; fourth, Hermitage Guards, Nashville; fifth, Champion City Guards, Zouaves—First, Linck Zonaves, Nashville; second, Merchant Zouaves, Memphis. State Militia—First prize, Witt Rifles, Colum-bia; second, Rock City Guards, Nashville; third, A. D. R. Rifles, Bristol.

Artillery-First prize, Indianapolis Light Artillery; second, Louisiana Field Artillery; third, Rockville, Ind., Artillery. Gatling-gun-First prize, Louisville Light Artillery; second, Battery E, First Ohio regiment.

Jesse McComb, of the Louisville Light Infantry, was awarded the prize as the best-drilled

individual. The Light Artillery was organized in 1882, against him, and will meet any legal proceedimmediately after the first encampment here, ings instituted in proper form. an event which awakened a great deal of interest in military circles in this city and State. In company was entered for the fourbattery mounted artillery and won the prize. It also both first and second prize in the State artillery contest, having entered in two sections for that prize. It entered the same way for the free-for-all, and Section B won second prize, being beaten by one point by the being beaten by one point by the Louisville Light Artillery, a battery that had been organized for a number of years and had the advantage of long drilling. During that year the battery took \$1,050 prize money out of \$1,350 in the contests in which it participated. In 1884 it went to Richmondneutral ground—to drill against the Cincinnati Light Artillery—a battery that had been boasting it could, so to speak, "wipe the earth" with any similar organization. Indianapolis won by 26 points. In the Mobile encampment, in May, 1885, it drilled against the Washington Light Artillery, Louisiana Field Artillery and the Alabama State Artillery, and lost a victory on account of cartridges being too big for the guns. After the boys seattled down to hard work for a week and then ettled down to hard work for a week and then went over to New Orleans to the drill at the Cotton Centennial where they beat the same batteries they had drilled against the week before, with the exception of the Alabama State artillery. This contest was for \$500 and the champion medal, all of which the company brought home in triumph. Later on in that year, 1885, the company took second prize at the Philadelphia encampment—\$690 and a handsome medal set with diamonds—being defeated by the Washington company for first place. On account of the financial failure of that encampment, however, the battery received only \$200 of the \$600 prize advertised. The Washington Artillery had an advantage in this contest, using the same pro-

tised. The Washington Artillery had an advantage in this contest, using the same programme that it did in Houston, Tex., the year before. In 1886 the company went to Lafayette, where it won \$800 prize money—all that was offered to artillery companies. In 1887, in the Washington encampment, it was entered against all the best artillery companies in the country. All, however, withdrew, except the Milwaukee Artillery, a company that the boys beat easily, taking a magnificent prize of \$1,500. Two months ago the company while engaged in drilling for the Nashville contest had the misfortune to lose its armory and guns by fire. A piece was borrowed, nashville contest had the mistortune to lose its armory and guns by fire. A piece was borrowed, however, and the drill went on, the exposition building being secured for a drilling place. Under such circumstances the victory at Nashville is all the more gratifying. The prize won yesterday makes the eleventh the company has carried off for its excellent drilling.

The battery left for Nashville last Sunday fternoon, and will return some time to-day. But two persons were at the train to see them off—R. O. Johnson and Charley E. Haugh. It is suggested that the friends of the company and the citizens give the boys a rousing reception when they return.

Capt. Curtis telegraphs concerning the vic-tory: "Again we win first prize over all the Southern companies, being the only organization north of the river that ever took successive prizes in the South."

THEY HELD THE WIRE.

How Steve Fisk and Joe Howard Saved Themselves from Being Scooped.

Theodore A. Davis, the artist, is the champion story-teller. He is fairly loaded with them. One of his best is a story that he tells about some of his newspaper experiences before the "I, in company with Joe Howard, jr., of the New York Times, Ned House, of the Tribune, Steve Fisk, of the Herald, and Woods, of the London Times," said he, "were accompanying his Royal Highness, the Prince of Wales, on his junketing tour over this country in 1860. It was a lively crowd of pencil-shovers, I wide-awake for hail fellows well met, around. When the party reached Niagara Ned House, of the Tribune, got hold of some big item of news on which the other fellows were left clear out in the cold. It was a regular 'scoop," and House chuckled to himself how the Tribune would lay the rest of the crowd out the next moroing. Fisk and Howard heard that House had bagged something, but for the life of them, after exhausting all the means known to the profession, shelling the woods, so to speak, in every direction, they couldn't find out what it was. Well, they were in the most uneasy position known to newspaper men. Knowing that a big "scoop" was in for them and not able to help it. Woods, of the London Times, didn't care so much and I was only doing illustrated work so it left the other only doing illustrated work, so it left the other three men for it. Late in the afternoon Howard and Fisk got together. They decided if they couldn't get that news something must be done to prevent the Tribune getting it, and so after debating the question they decided to rush down to the telegraph office as soon after tea as was necessary and take possession of the only wire there was and hold it till it was too late for House to get in his special. In those days it was first come, first served with the telewas first come, first served with the telegraph company and as long as a man's money
held out the company would send his dispatches
at the regulation price. So promptly at 8 o'clock
Howard and Fisk got hold of the wire and began
their specials to their papers. They telegraphed
a description of Niagara by daylight, one by
moonlight another by gaslight, the length,
breadth, depth, everything that their fertile
brains could conjure up, was written out and
ticked over the wires to the Times and Herald. ticked over the wires to the Times and Herald. When at last this most comprehensive and vo-luminous description of Niagara that was ever penned by newspaper correspondents was all in, still there was time to spare before 12 o'clock— the hour after which no specials could reach New York in time to be used. What was to be done! The wire must be held. Niagars and everything connected with it had been ex-hausted. A new subject was needed, but they could think of none. The scheme was about to could think of none. The scheme was about to fail at last. All at once a thought struck Howard. He seized a couple of books that were near. One was "Three-fingered Jack' and the other the Bible. Opening the Bible in Genesis, at the genealogy of the patriarchs he began dictating to Fisk: 'Ard Adam lived 130 years, and begat a sou in his own likeness, and called his name Seth. And Seth lived 105 years, and begat Euos,' etc. The operator at the other end of the line didn't recognize the quotation, and wanted to know what in the deuce was the mat-

went. Fisk and Howard said they would hold that wire till 12, if the Bible didn't give out, and

THE FIRE RECORD.

A Columbus Dry Goods Establishment Suffers Serious Loss in Goods.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., May 26.-The largest fire Columbus has had for years broke out this evening in the two story brick block of Lehman & Co., dealers in dry-goods and notions. The second story was occupied by Mrs. M. Ragsdale as a millinery store, and Leonard Loy as a residence. The building belonged to John I. Crump and is probably damaged \$2,500; insured for \$5,000 as follows: Phoenix, of Hartford, \$1,500; German-American, \$1,500; Indiana, \$1,000; German of Frankfort, \$1,000. On the stock of Lehman & Co., there was insurance of \$11,000; the loss is \$5,000 to \$8,000. The insurance is in the Royal for \$2,-000; Firemen's Fund, \$2,000; Home, \$2,000; L., L. & G., \$2,060; Queen, \$2,000; Continental, \$1,-000. On the stock of Mrs. Ragsdale the loss will probably be \$500; insured for \$800 in the Queen. On Loy's household goods the loss will be \$300; insured for \$200 in the German of Frankfort. The adjoining building on the south, owned by Michael Ewing, is damaged to the amount of \$300; insured in the Phenix of Brooklyn for \$2,-The fire caught in the rear of the building, where was stored a lot of wool.

Other Fires. CARTHAGE, Ind., May 26.—The large farm residence of J. H. Winslow, near this place, was destroyed by fire this morning at 1 o'clock. A portion of the contents were saved. Fire resuited from a defective flue. Loss, \$2,000. Fully insured in Rush County Mutual Insurance Com-

DEDHAM, Mass., May 26.—The chocolate fac-tory of C. D. Brokes was burned this morning. Loss, \$80,000; insurance, \$40,000.

Lawyer Starkey Heard From. CHICAGO, May 26.-Lawyer Wm. Starkey, who is under indictment for jury bribing, and who has been vainly searched for during the last two weeks, has at last turned up in Canada. Starkey's name has been prominently connected with the now noted case of alleged jury-fixing for which Sumner C. Welch, claim agent of the Chicago City Railway Company, is on trial, and in connection with which President C. B. Holmes has received a severe raking from the prosecution. Starkey writes a letter from Toronto in which he says he left Chicago because he did not desire to be persecuted under the guise of being prosecuted. He finds fault with the conduct of the Welch case, but says he will return, now that an indictment has been brought

THE certificates of ordination of the bishops of the A. M. E. Church were beautiful specimens of penmanship. They were the work of Prof. E. J. Heeb, of the Indianapolis Business

GRIFFIN, GORDON & Co. are preparing an atlas of the city of Indianapolis and Marion county, and are taking subscribers now in the city.
The sample plats show careful work, and the
completed atlas will be ready for delivery about six months from date.

Exeursion Tickets to St Louis and Return-The "Bee-line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis and return on June 2, 3 and 4, at a rate which will be cheaper than staying at home, on account of the sixteenth national Democratic

The Bee-line has been selected by the Hen-dricks Club going to and from St. Louis, it be-ing the most popular line and offering the best ing the most popular line and offering the best accommodations. Special train earrying the Hendricks Club and their friends will leave the Union Depot on Sunday, June 3, at 8:30 A. M. For detailed information call on W. M. Hick-lin, ticket agent, 138; South Illinois street, or D. C. Drake, ticket agent, No. 2 Bates House.

T. C. PECK. Passenger Agent.

Republican Convention at Chicago.
The C., St. L. & P. Railroad Company (Panhandle route) will sell excursion tickets to Chicago and return for the above occasion at ex-tremely low rates on June 16, 17 and 18, good to return until the 23d. For particular informa-tion apply to H. R. Dering, assistant general passenger agent Pennsylvania lines, Indianap-

Decoration Day Flowers.

Berterman Bros., floriets, 37 to 43 Massachusetts avenue, advise all those who desire purchasing flowers for Decoration day—cut flowers and designs—that they had better order a sufficient time beforehand. Berterman Bros. have a fine selection of everlasting flowers to which they invite attention. Vases filled with flowers and fine decorative plants.

COTE D'OR The pure California grape juice, in quart bottles, is for sale by Wood Browning. Fountain Square, at only 5 0c per quart bottle.

Skin entirely gone. Flesh a mass of disease. Leg diminished one-third in size. Condition hopeless. Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

For three years I was almost crippled with an awful sore leg from my knee down to my ankle; the skin was entirely gone, and the flesh was one mass of disease. Some physicians pronounced it incurable. It had diminished about one third the size of the other, and I was in a hopless condition. After trying all kinds of remedies and spending hundreds of dollars, from which I got no relief whatever, I was persuaded to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and the result was as follows: After three days I noticed a decided change for the better, and at the end of two months I was completely cured. My flesh was purified, and the bone (which had been exposed for over a year) got sound. The flesh began to grow, and to day, and for nearly two years past, my leg is as well as ever it was, sound in every respect and not a sign of the disease to be seen.

S. G. AHERN, Dubois, Dodge Co., Ga. Terrible Suffering from Skin Diseases, I have been a terrible sufferer for years from diseases of the skin and blood, and have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors. Have had the best of physicians and spent hundreds of dollars, but got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin as clear and my blood as pure as a child's.

IDA MAY BASS, Olive Branch P. O., Miss.

From 148 Pounds to 172 Pounds. I have taken several bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT with all the results I could wish for. About this time last year, when commencing its use, I weighed 445 pounds, and to day I weigh 172 pounds.

GEO. CAMPBELL, Washington, D. C.

NOTE—The CUTICURA RESOLVENT is beyond all doubt the greatest blood purifier ever compounded. Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the New Blood Purifier, internally, are a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood Disease, from Pimples to Scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price: Cuticura, 50c; Soap, 25c; Resolvent, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUGAND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

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No single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing the human voice the mind-one or more, and sometimes all, yield to its destructive influence. The poison it distributes throughout the system attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored, because but little understood, by most physicians, impotently assailed by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to chariatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it this side of the grave. It is time, then, that the popular treatment of this terrible disease by remedies within the reach of all passed into hands at once competent and trustworthy. The new and hitherto untried method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his Radical Cure has won the hearty approval of thousands. It is instantaneous in affording relief in all head colds, sneezing, snuffling and obstructed breathing, and rapidly removes the most oppressive symptoms, clearing the head, sweetening the breath, restoring the senses of smell, taste and hearing, and neutralizing the constitutional tendency of the disease towards the lungs, liver and kidneys. Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent and Im-proved Inhaler; price, \$1.

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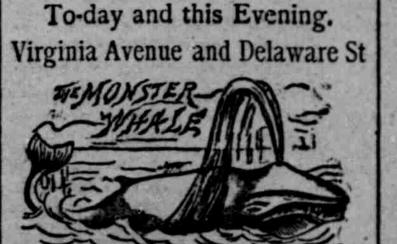
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